Acme United Corporation is one of the largest distributors of cutting devices, measuring instruments, first aid kits and safety products and related products for consumers. The Company's subsidiary in the United Kingdom, Acme United Ltd., distributes office products, medical scissors, household scissors and shears, and houseware products. The Canadian subsidiary, Acme United Limited, is one of the largest marketers of scissors, rulers and general office supplies in Canada. The German subsidiary, Emil Schlemper GmbH, manufactures scissors, shears and manicure implements.

(1)

March 15, 2001

ACME UNITED CORPORATION

To My Fellow Shareholders:

Acme United made substantial business progress during the year 2000. The Company reported net income of \$1.1 million compared to a loss from continuing business of \$156,000 in 1999. Earnings every quarter during the year were better than those of 1999.

Net sales during 2000 were \$34.4 million compared to \$35.9 million last year, a decline of 4%. Most low margin, non-value added products have now been dropped from our lines or refreshed. We have driven costs out of nearly every functional area, and introduced economies of production to improve our gross margins.

Our new product efforts have been effective. During the year, Acme introduced new Tagit! student scissors, rulers, staplers and staple removers, which incorporate our proprietary identification features. We expanded our safety product line with new first aid kits; hearing, eye, and head protection; and ergonomic supports and braces. We are excited about our new product pipeline, and anticipate releasing a number of unique items during 2001.

Customer service and logistics have received considerable attention during the year. We are pleased that we exceeded 98% on-time, single shipment delivery consistently throughout the year. Our performance during back-to-school when demands are at their peak was nearly flawless. During 2001, Acme will continue to invest in systems and training to build our value as a preferred supplier.

The Company entered into key agreements with the largest school supply wholesaler in the U.S., the largest North American office supply dealer, the largest European office products distributor, and the largest superstore chain in North America. All these agreements go into full effect in 2001.

During 2000, Acme signed a multi-year senior debt facility with Bank of America and refinanced its mortgage on the plant in Fremont, North Carolina. The Company has excess borrowing capacity and the liquidity to fund meaningful growth. We are delighted to report that Acme exceeded every loan covenant every quarter of the year.

There were many cost saving initiatives that were completed during the year. The Company moved its headquarters to a more efficient facility. We closed the Goldsboro, North Carolina warehouse, sold machinery no longer needed, shifted production equipment to Asia and our German plant, and refurbished our Fremont facility. Anticipated cost savings from these moves exceeds \$400,000 annually. Our efficiency continues to improve, with headcount at year end of 134 compared to 487 only 4 years ago.

On the financial side in 2000, we:

- -improved gross margin from 28% in 1999 to 35% .
- -increased operating profit from \$605,000 to \$2.4 million.
- -increased working capital to \$8.5 million.
- -improved book value to \$2.25 per share.
- -increased EBITDA from \$1.9 million in 1999 to \$2.8 million in 2000.

I would like to recognize the Acme management and staff who accomplished their goals in 2000. We look forward with enthusiasm and confidence to 2001. Thank you for your continued support.

Sincerely,

Walter C. Johnsen
President and
Chief Executive Officer

(2)

UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION Washington, D. C. 20549
FORM 10-K

(X) ANNUAL REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934 For the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000

ΩR

() TRANSITION REPORT PURSUANT TO SECTION 13 OR 15 (d) OF THE SECURITIES EXCHANGE ACT OF 1934

Commission file number 0-4823

ACME UNITED CORPORATION

Exact name of registrant as specified in its charter

Connecticut 06-0236700 -----
(State or other jurisdiction of incorporation or organization) Identification No.)

1931 Black Rock Turnpike Fairfield, Connecticut

06432

(Address of principal executive offices)

(Zip Code)

Registrant's telephone number, including area code (203) 332-7330

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12(b) of the Act:

Name of each exchange on
Title of each class which registered
----\$2.50 par value Common Stock American Stock Exchange

Securities registered pursuant to Section 12 (g) of the Act: None

Indicate by check mark whether the registrant (1) has filed all reports required to be filed by Section 13 or 15 (d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 during the preceding 12 months (or for such shorter period that the registrant was required to file such reports) and (2) has been subject to such filing requirements for the past 90 days.

YES [X] NO []

Indicate by check mark if disclosure of delinquent filers pursuant to Item 405 of Regulation S-K is not contained herein, and will not be contained, to the best of registrant's knowledge, in definitive proxy or information statements incorporated by reference in Part III of this Form 10-K or any amendment to this Form 10-K. [X]

Registrant had 3,508,305 shares outstanding as of March 2, 2001 of its \$2.50 par value Common Stock. The aggregate market value of the voting stock held by non-affiliates of the registrant as of March 2, 2001 was approximately \$13,069,974.

Documents Incorporated By Reference

(1) Proxy Statement for the annual meeting scheduled for April 23, 2001 incorporated into 2000 10-K, Part III.

PART I

Item 1. Business

General

Acme United Corporation (together with its subsidiaries the "Company") was organized as a partnership in 1867 and incorporated in 1882 under the laws of the State of Connecticut. On March 22, 1999 the Company sold its medical segment. Prior thereto, the Company operated two business segments - consumer and medical. The Company's continuing operations are in the United States, Canada, England and Germany. Financial information concerning net sales and long-lived assets by geographic area appears in note 11 of the notes to consolidated financial statements.

Consumer

The Company manufactures and distributes cutting devices, measuring instruments and safety products for school, office and home use. Acquisitions of Emil Schlemper GmbH and Co. KG of Solingen, Germany in January 1990, Homeric, Ltd. of Sheffield, England in July 1990 and Peter Altenbach and Sohne GmbH of Solingen, Germany in 1991 extended the Company's presence in Europe as a scissor and shear manufacturer. On May 1, 1996, the Company sold the assets (excluding accounts receivable) of Peter Altenbach and Sohne GmbH. The Company continues to be a major distributor of cutting devices, measuring instruments, and safety products in the United States; a distributor of scissors, shears, rulers and other office products in Canada; a distributor of scissors, shears and other office products in England; and a manufacturer of scissors and shears in Germany. In addition to local competitors in each country, the Company competes with imported products from Asia. The Company also imports scissors, shears, rulers and other products to supplement its manufactured products.

Independent manufacturer representatives are primarily used to sell its line of consumer products with wholesale, contract and retail stationery distributors, office supply super stores, school supply distributors, and mass market retailers.

A seasonal surge in revenues arises from March through July which is attributed to sales in the educational field, primarily through school supply distributors and mass market retailers. Unfilled order backlog at year end 2000 was \$291,526 compared to \$1,629,612 in 1999.

Medical

The Company entered the medical products field in 1965, producing disposable medical scissors and instruments in bulk for hospital distributors. In 1972, the Company's Medical Products Division began marketing its own line of products. New products were added to the procedure tray line every year to meet the specialized needs of hospitals, clinics and convalescent homes. In 1978, wound dressings were introduced by the Company. Bandage products were added in January 1992, when the Company acquired the major portion of the United States medical products business of SePro Healthcare, Inc., the United States subsidiary of Seton Healthcare Group, plc of Oldham, England. The Company entered into distribution agreements with Seton Healthcare International Limited for exclusive United States rights to an extensive line of state-of-the-art pressure therapy bandages and specialized wound dressings. Subsequently, in March 1997, the Company sold its distribution rights of certain wound care products to Seton Healthcare International Limited. Under the agreement, Acme continued to distribute the products for a portion of 1997.

On March 22, 1999, the Company sold the medical business to Medical Action Industries, $\operatorname{Inc.}$

The Company had historically sold its products through a network of medical dealers who distributed its line of medical products with hospitals, nursing facilities, other alternate care providers, and certain major buying groups. The Company's field sales force historically provided technical assistance in addition to overseeing a network of manufacturer representatives.

Environmental Rules and Regulations - Environmental rules and regulations regarding hazardous waste control and electroplating effluent have been complied with and the Company believes no major financial impact is expected to result from current and future compliance with these rules and regulations.

Employment - As of year end, the Company employed 134 persons, most of whom are full time and none are covered by union contracts. Employee relations are considered good and no foreseeable problems with the work force are evident.

Item 2. Properties

Acme United Corporation is headquartered at 1931 Black Rock Turnpike, Fairfield, Connecticut in 5,700 square feet of leased space. The Company owns and leases manufacturing and warehousing facilities in the United States, owns a facility in Germany, and leases 52,000 square feet of warehousing space in Canada and 6,000 square feet of warehousing space in England.

Manufacturing for Europe is presently being conducted at a 48,000 square foot owned plant in Solingen, Germany.

Management believes that the Company's facilities, whether leased or owned, are adequate to meet its current needs and should continue to be adequate for the foreseeable future.

Properties owned by the Company in Fremont, North Carolina and Solingen, Germany are collateralized by notes and mortgages. The leased facilities are occupied under leases for terms ranging from less than one year to five years.

Item 3. Legal Proceedings

The Company has been involved in certain environmental and other matters. Additionally, the Company has been involved in numerous legal actions relating to the use of certain latex products, which the Company distributes, but does not manufacture. The Company is one of many defendants. The Company has been released from the majority of the lawsuits. While five lawsuits remain, they are still in preliminary stages and it has not been determined whether the Company's products were involved. Based on information available, the Company believes there will not be a material adverse impact on financial position, results of operations, or liquidity, from these matters, either individually or in aggregate.

Item 4. Submission of Matters to a Vote of Security Holders

There were no matters submitted to a vote of the security holders of the Company through the solicitation of proxies or otherwise during the fourth quarter of the fiscal year ended December 31, 2000.

(5)

PART II

Item 5. Market for the Registrant's Common Stock and Related Security Holder Matters

The Company's Common Stock is traded on the American Stock Exchange under the symbol "ACU". The following table sets forth the high and low sale prices on the American Stock Exchange for the Common Stock for the periods indicated:

	High	Low
Year Ended December 31, 2000		
First Quarter	2 3/4	15/16
Second Quarter	3 3/8	1 7/8
Third Quarter	3 13/16	2 7/8
Fourth Quarter	3 11/16	2 1/8
Year Ended December 31, 1999		

First Quarter	2 1/2	1 3/8
Second Quarter	2 3/8	2
Third Quarter	2 1/8	1 1/4
Fourth Quarter	1 9/16	13/16

As of March 24, 2001 there were approximately 1,300 holders of record of the Company's Common Stock.

The Company did not pay cash dividends on its Common Stock in 2000 and 1999. The Company presently intends to retain earnings to finance business improvements.

Item 6. Selected Financial Data

FIVE YEAR SUMMARY OF SELECTED FINANCIAL DATA (All figures in thousands except per share data)

1998 (B) 1997 (B) 1999 1996 (B) (C) \$34,413 \$35,857 \$37,762 \$34,157 \$34,450 Net Sales (A) Income/(Loss) from Continuing Operations 1.061 (2.364)(2.847)(4.744)(156) 28,896 4,925 5,013 6.382 11,852 8,444 Long Term Debt, Less Current Portion Income/(Loss) Per Share from Continuing Operations (D) 0.30 (0.05)(0.70) (0.85) (1.42)

<FN>

- (A) In 2000, the Company has classified shipping and handling expenses as selling, general and administrative expenses. Prior year net sales have been restated to conform to the 2000 presentation.
- (B) Restated to reflect the sale of the medical business on March 22, 1999 which is reported as discontinued operations.
- (C) Reflects the divestiture of Altenbach as of May 1, 1996.
- (D) The effects of the weighted average number of stock options outstanding are antidilutive for years1996 through 1999 presented and have been excluded from the per share calculations. Year 2000 basic and diluted earnings per share are \$.30.

</FN>

Item 7. Management's Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations

Acme United Corporation (the "Company") sold its medical business segment in March 1999, and has classified the operating results of this segment as discontinued operations in the accompanying financial statements. Prior thereto the Company operated in two principal business segments – consumer and medical. The Company's continuing operations consist of a single reportable consumer segment which operates in the United States, Canada, England and Germany.

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On March 22, 1999, the Company sold its medical business, including customer lists, inventory, and certain equipment for cash of approximately \$8.15 million resulting in a gain of approximately \$2.1 million. Net sales of that business were \$10,090,000 in 1998. The Company used the net proceeds from the sale to reduce debt. The sale of the medical business enabled management to focus its sales efforts on scissors, rulers, and first aid kits in the consumer market. The Company believes the consumer market provides a strong foundation for growth.

The following comments on the results of operations relate exclusively to the continuing operations of the Company's consumer business.

Results of Operations 2000 Compared with 1999

Net sales from continuing operations decreased \$1,444,261 in 2000 to \$34,412,595 compared to \$35,856,856 in 1999. Beginning in the first quarter of 2000, the Company classified outgoing freight expense as selling expense. Outgoing freight expenses for 2000 and 1999 were \$1,117,645 and \$1,547,365, respectively. Such costs were previously recorded as a reduction of net sales. Net sales in the United States decreased \$1,746,012 or 6.9% due to the loss of a \$3.5 million customer in the first quarter of 2000. Foreign net sales increased \$301,751 or

2.8% primarily due to strong sales in England and Canada.

Gross profit was 35% of net sales in 2000 compared to 28% of net sales in 1999. Gross profit improved in North American entities due to resourcing of scissor products to Asia at lower costs coupled with aggressive purchasing practices and improvements in manufacturing productivity.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$9,748,187 in 2000 compared with \$9,265,689 in 1999, an increase of \$482,498 or 5%, mainly due to an increase in advertising.

Net other expense was \$406,211 in 2000 compared to net other income of \$275,787 in 1999. The change from 1999 is principally due to losses on sales of equipment in 2000 and higher foreign currency transaction gains in 1999.

Interest expense decreased \$137,290 in 2000 to \$926,949 compared to \$1,064,239 in 1999 due to lower borrowings and lower interest rates.

Income tax expense of \$35,211 was recognized in 2000 compared to a benefit of \$26,554 in 1999. The Company has significant net operating loss carryovers for United States Federal and state and foreign tax reporting purposes. The benefits from such loss carryovers are recognized when they are more likely than not to be realized.

Results of Operations 1999 Compared with 1998

Net sales from continuing operations decreased \$1,905,031 or 5% in 1999 to \$35,856,856 compared to \$37,761,887 in 1998. Beginning in the first quarter of 2000, the Company classified outgoing freight expense as selling expense. Outgoing freight expenses for 1999 and 1998 were \$1,547,365 and \$1,305,000, respectively. Net sales in the United States decreased \$65,398 or .3%. Foreign net sales decreased \$1,970,742 or 16% primarily due to weak sales in England and a product rationalization program in Canada.

Gross profit was 28% of net sales in 1999 compared to 24% of net sales in 1998. Gross profit improved in all operating entities due to purchasing select products from Asia at lower costs and improvements in manufacturing productivity.

Selling, general and administrative expenses were \$9,265,689 in 1999 compared with \$9,825,008 in 1998, a decrease of \$559,319 or 6%. Decreased compensation expense applicable to fewer employees was offset in part by increased advertising expense.

Net other income was \$275,787 in 1999 compared to net other expense of \$51,758 in 1998. Net other income in 1999 includes foreign currency transaction gains of \$215,040 compared to currency losses of \$194,000 in 1998. A currency loss of \$220,000 was incurred in 1998 related to the Company's Canadian operations.

Interest expense decreased \$437,336 in 1999 to \$1,064,239 compared to \$1,501,575 due to lower borrowings in 1999 as debt was paid down using the proceeds from the sale of the medical business coupled with aggressive working capital management.

(7)

An income tax benefit of \$26,554 was recognized in 1999 compared to a benefit of \$44,002 in 1998. The Company has significant net operating loss carryovers for United States federal and state and foreign tax reporting purposes. The benefits from such loss carryovers will only be recognized when they will more likely than not be realized.

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company's working capital, current ratio and long - term debt to equity ratio follow:

	2000	1999
Working Capital	\$8,462,067	\$6,929,952
Current Ratio	2.06 to 1	1.81 to 1
Long - Term Debt to Equity Ratio	0.62	0.72

The increase in working capital and current ratio in 2000 is primarily a result of improved operating results. Inventories increased \$1,724,659 or 21% in 2000 due to the Company's decision to build sufficient inventory levels to ensure meeting industry standard customer service levels.

On January 19, 2000, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the Agreement) with a bank to refinance debt. Under the Agreement the Company may borrow up to \$11,500,000 through January 19, 2003 (the maturity date) based on a formula which applies specific percentages to balances of accounts receivable and inventories. Throughout the next twelve months, the Company expects to have a minimum of \$4.4 million outstanding under this arrangement. As such, amounts borrowed in excess of \$4.4 million are classified as part of the current portion of long term debt. Under the Agreement, the Company borrowed an additional \$325,000 which is payable in monthly installments of \$5,417, plus interest, through November 1, 2002 and a final installment of \$65,822, plus interest, due December 1, 2002. Amounts outstanding under the Agreement bear interest at varying rates as provided for in the Agreement (10.5% at December 31, 2000). As of December 30, 2000 the North American operations had \$1.0 million in excess availability under the Agreement.

On August 7, 2000 the Company entered into an interest rate swap with a bank effectively fixing the interest rate at 10.18% for \$3.5 million of debt under the Agreement through its maturity date.

On August 22, 2000 the Company borrowed \$700,000 under a loan agreement with another bank to refinance a mortgage. The loan is payable in monthly installments of \$830, plus interest at the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle fixed advanced rate, plus 3.0% through August 1, 2020 and a final installment of \$500,800, plus interest, due on August 1, 2020. A portion of the proceeds from this loan was used to repay amounts borrowed under the Agreement.

The Company, among other things, is restricted with respect to dividends, additional borrowings, investments, mergers, distributions, and property and equipment acquisitions. Further, the Company is required to maintain specific amounts of tangible net worth, and a specified debt service coverage ratio, and a fixed charge coverage ratio, all as defined. The Company was in compliance with all covenants as of or through December 31, 2000 and believes these financial covenants will be met for the remainder of the term of the loan.

Capital expenditures during 2000 were \$456,823 which were, in part, financed with debt. Capital expenditures in 2001 are not expected to be material.

Cash generated from operating activities, together with funds available under the Agreement, is expected, under current conditions, to be sufficient to finance the Company's planned operations in 2001.

(8)

Item 7a Qualitative and Quantitative Disclosures about Market Risk

The Company's debt portfolio and associated interest rates follows (in thousands):

	2001	2002	2003	2004	2005	Thereafter	Total	Fair Value
Liabilities:								
Notes payable	\$504						\$504	\$504
Average								
interest rate	10.2%							
Long-term debt:								
Fixed rate	\$114	\$284	\$21	\$22	\$23	\$130	\$594	\$562
Average	7.7%	7.8%	7.4%	7.4%	7.4%			
interest rate								
Variable rate	\$1,971	\$135	\$3,643	\$10	\$10	\$648	\$6,417	\$6,417
Average	10.0%	10.0%	10.0%	9.8%	9.8%	9.8%		
interest rate								

Interest Rate Derivative Financial Instruments Related to Debt: Interest rate

Interest Rate Risk:

The Company's interest expense on debt is most sensitive to changes in the level of United States interest rates. To mitigate the impact of these fluctuations, the Company periodically evaluates alternative interest rate arrangements. In 2000, the Company entered into an interest rate swap agreement with a bank to minimize exposure to interest rate changes for \$3.5 million of debt. The swap agreement expires on January 19, 2003.

Foreign Currency Risk:

The Company manufactures products in the United States and Germany. Further, the Company engages in intracompany sales which are denominated in currencies other then those of the operating entity making the sale. As such, these transaction give rise to foreign currency risk. The Company's currency exposures vary, but are concentrated in the Canadian dollar, British pound, and German mark.

At times, the Company utilizes forward foreign exchange contracts to hedge specific transactions with third parties denominated in foreign currencies. The terms of these forward foreign exchange contracts are typically under 90 days. Because the contracts are acquired for specific transactions, they are an effective hedge against fluctuations in the value of the foreign currency underlying the transaction. Forward foreign exchange contracts were not material at December 31, 2000 and 1999. The Company does not hedge intracompany sales nor does it enter into financial instruments for speculation or trading purposes.

The Company and its foreign subsidiaries utilize bank loans to finance their operations. To mitigate foreign currency risk, foreign loans are denominated in the local currency of the foreign subsidiary wherever possible.

(9)

Inflation

Inflation had a negligible effect on the Company's operations during 2000 and 1999. The Company estimates that inflationary effects, in the aggregate, were generally recovered or offset through increased pricing or cost reductions in both years.

Forward-Looking Information

Forward-looking statements in this report, including without limitation, statements related to the Company's plans, strategies, objectives, expectations, intentions and adequacy of resources, are made pursuant to the safe harbor provisions of the Private Securities Litigation Reform Act of 1995. Investors are cautioned that such forward-looking statements involve risks and uncertainties including without limitation the following: (i) the Company's plans, strategies, objectives, expectations and intentions are subject to change at any time at the discretion of the Company; (ii) the Company's plans and results of operations will be affected by the Company's ability to manage its growth and inventory; and (iii) other risks and uncertainties indicated from time to time in the Company's filings with the Securities and Exchange Commission.

(10)

Item 8. Financial Statements and Supplementary Data

Acme United Corporation and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF OPERATIONS AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (LOSS) For the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998

2000 1999 1998

Net Sales	\$34,412,595	\$35,856,856	\$37,761,887
Costs and Expenses: Cost of Goods Sold Selling, General and Administrative Expenses		25,985,705 9,265,689	
	31,983,599	35,251,394	38,616,798
Income (Loss) before Non Operating Items Non Operating Items:	2,428,996	605,462	(854,911)
<pre>Interest Expense Other Income/(Expense)-Net</pre>		1,064,239 275,787	
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations before Income Taxes Income Taxes (Benefit)		(182,990) (26,554)	
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations Discontinued Operations:		(156, 436)	
Income from Discontinued Operations Gain from Sale of Discontinued Operations	-	223,840 2,101,000	
Income from Discontinued Operations	-	2,324,840	698,000
Net Income/(Loss) Other Comprehensive Expense -	1,060,625	2,168,404	(1,666,242)
Foreign Currency Translation	(88,590)	(55,223)	(8,675)
Comprehensive Income/(Loss)		\$2,113,181	
Basic and Dilutive Earnings/(Loss) Per Share: Continuing Operations Discontinued Operations	\$0.30 -	(\$0.05) 0.69	
Net Income/(Loss)	\$0.30	\$0.64	(,, , , , ,

See accompanying notes.

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(11)

Acme United Corporation and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY Years ended December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998

Years ended December 31, 2000,	Outstanding Shares of Common	Common Stock		Additional Paid-In Capital		Retained Earnings (Deficit)
Balances, December 31, 1997 Net Loss	3,362,375	\$8,684,988	(\$688,809)	\$2,238,228	(\$1,226,540)	(\$2,714,242) (1,666,242)
Exercise of Stock Options Issuance of Treasury Stock Translation Adjusment	8,500 6,613	21,250	40,809	12,375 (17,898)	(8,675)	
Balances, December 31, 1998 Net Income Issuance of Common Stock in	3,377,488	8,706,238	(648,000)	2,232,705	(1,235,215)	(4,380,484) 2,168,404
Payment of Accrued Compensation Translation Adjusment	129,567	323,917		(194,351)	(55,223)	
Balances, December 31, 1999 Net Income	3,507,055	9,030,155	(648,000)	2,038,354	(1,290,438)	(2,212,080) 1,060,625
Exercise of Stock Options Translation Adjusment	1,250	3,125		(531)	(88,590)	
Balances, December 31, 2000	3,508,305	\$9,033,280	(\$648,000)	\$2,037,823	(\$1,379,028)	(\$1,151,455)
· This						

<FN> See accompanying notes. </FN>

December 31, 2000 and 1999	2000	1999
ASSETS Current Assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$21,510	\$88,468
Accounts receivable, less allowance	5,973,324	6,702,148
Inventories	10,022,290	8,297,631
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	432,537	371,721
Total current assets	16,449,661	15,459,968
Plant, Property and Equipment:		
Land	179,502	190,884
Buildings	2,006,927	2,047,593
Machinery and equipment	6,545,424	8,616,263
Total plant, property and equipment	8,731,853	10,854,740
Less accumulated depreciation	5,610,250	6,868,588
Net plant, property and equipment	3,121,603	3,986,152
Goodwill and other, less accumulated amortization	172,096	192,510
Other assets	1,374,855	1,128,820
Total Assets	\$21,118,215	\$20,767,450
LIABILITIES		
Current Liabilities:		
Notes payable	\$503,682	\$690,738
	0.050.510	0.760.070
Accounts payable	2,259,719	2,763,272
Other accrued liabilities Current portion of long-term debt	3,138,821 2,085,372	3,153,674 1,922,332
Total current liabilities	7,987,594	8,530,016
Long-term debt, less current portion	4,924,834	5,012,634
Other	313,167	306,809
Total Liabilities	13,225,595	13,849,459
Commitments and Contingencies		
STOCKHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Common Stock, par value \$2.50: authorized 4,000,000		
shares; issued - 3,613,312 shares in 2000 and		
3,612,062 shares in 1999, including Treasury Stock	9,033,280	9,030,155
Treasury Stock, at cost, 105,007 shares	(648,000)	(648,000
Additional paid-in capital Accumulated other comprehensive loss-translation adjustment	2,037,823 (1,379,028)	2,038,354 (1,290,438
Retained earnings deficit	(1,151,455)	
Total Stockholders' Equity		6,917,991
Total Liabilities and Stockholders' Equity	\$21,118,215	
<fn> See accompanying notes.</fn>		
(13)		

Acme United Corporation and Subsidiaries CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOW Years ended December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998

2000 1999 1998

Operating activities: Net income (loss)
Adjustments to reconcile net income (loss) to net
cash provided by operating activities
Gain on sale of discontinued operations

\$ 1,060,625 \$ 2,168,404 \$ (1,666,242)

\$ (2,101,000) \$ -

Depreciation Amortization Loss (gain) on disposal of plant, property and equipment	589,527 159,409 374,769	950,000 29,710 240,873	1,242,605 33,421 (98,264)
Changes in operating assets and liabilities Accounts receivable Inventories	742,891 (1,706,739)	1,004,551 1,648,394	(275,860) 812,362
Prepaid expenses and other current assets	(60,816)	(84,239)	(247,549)
Other assets Accounts payable	(155,929) (503,553)	74,254 (1,659,043)	(69,796) 897,731
Other accrued liabilities	6,506	(1,776,461)	(20,523)
Total adjustments	(553,936)	(1,672,961)	2,274,127
Net cash provided by operating activities	506,689	495,443	607,885
Investing activities:			
Capital expenditures	(456,823)	(459,707)	(1,572,516)
Proceeds from sales of plant, property and equipment	311,179	384,432	326,000
Proceeds from sale of medical division	- 	8,156,000	-
Net cash (used) provided by investing activities	(145,645)	8,080,725	(1,246,516)
Financing activities:			
Net borrowings (repayments) on notes payable and			
revolving credit facilities	326,135	(8,031,802)	
Borrowings of long term debt Payments of long term debt	1,025,000 (1,462,951)	2,500,000	1,266,557 (237,402)
Debt issuance costs	(230,190)	(2,940,480)	(237,402)
Exercise of stock options	2,594	-	33,625
Net cash (used) provided by financing activities	(339,412)	(8,472,282)	662,405
Effect of exchange rate changes	(88,590)	(55,223)	(8,675)
Net (decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	(66,958)	48,663	15,099
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	88,468	39,805	24,706
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 21,510	\$ 88,468	\$ 39,805
<===================================			

<FN>

See accompanying notes.

</FN>

(14)

Acme United Corporation and Subsidiaries NOTES TO CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

1. Continuing Operations

The continuing operations of Acme United Corporation (the Company) consist of a single reportable "consumer" segment. The consumer segment operates in the United States, Canada, England and Germany. Principal consumer segment products are scissors, shears, rulers, first aid kits, and related products which are sold primarily to wholesale, contract and retail stationery distributors, office supply super stores, school supply distributors, drug store retailers and mass market retailers. Revenues related to sales of such products are recognized at the time of shipment. Continuous credit evaluations are made of customers; collateral is not required. Allowances for credit losses are provided and have been within management's expectations. Net sales for 2000, 1999 and 1998 include two customers which aggregate approximately 30% in 2000, 26% in 1999 and 20% in 1998.

2. Discontinued Operations

On March 22, 1999 the Company sold its medical business, including customer lists, inventory, and certain equipment for cash of approximately \$8,156,000 realizing a gain of \$2,101,000. The consolidated statements of operations for 1999 and 1998 reflect the discontinuance of the medical business segment. Substantially all assets of the medical business segments were disposed of at December 31, 1999.

The condensed statements of operations relating to the medical business follow:

	1999	1998
Net sales Costs and expenses	\$5,536,000 5,312,160	\$10,090,000 9,392,000
Income from operations (A)	\$223,840	\$698,000

(A) Income taxes related to the medical business are not material.

3. Accounting Policies

Estimates - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Principles of Consolidation - The consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its subsidiaries, all of which are wholly owned. All significant intercompany accounts are eliminated in consolidation.

Translation of Foreign Currency - For foreign operations, assets and liabilities are translated at rates in effect at the end of the year; revenues and expenses are translated at average rates in effect during the year. Resulting translation adjustments are made directly to a separate component of stockholders' equity--"Accumulated other comprehensive loss - translation adjustment". Foreign currency transaction gains and losses are recognized in operations. Foreign currency transaction gains (losses) which are included in other income (expense) were \$(8,000) in 2000, \$215,000 in 1999 and \$(194,000) in 1998.

Hedging Activity - Foreign currency contracts are occasionally purchased as hedges against foreign currency fluctuation risk related to specific purchase commitments. The Company does not engage in foreign currency exchange contracts for speculative purposes and, accordingly, the contracts are accounted for as hedges. There were no significant foreign currency contracts outstanding as of December 31, 2000 and 1999.

(15)

Cash Equivalents - Investments with an original maturity of three months or less at the date of purchase are considered cash equivalents.

Accounts Receivable - Accounts receivable are shown less an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$178,227 in 2000 and \$125,862 in 1999.

Inventories - Inventories are stated at the lower of cost determined by the first in, first out method or market.

Plant, Property and Equipment and Depreciation - Plant, property and equipment is recorded at cost. Depreciation is computed by the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the assets. In connection with continued expansion of sourcing of production to facilities outside the United States, the Company disposed of certain equipment no longer in use at a loss of \$343,138 and segregated other equipment for transfer and installation in the foreign production facilities. The Company temporarily suspended depreciation on the equipment segregated. Depreciation thereon will resume when the equipment is placed in service. Had depreciation continued on the latter equipment in 2000, depreciation expense would have been \$200,000 more.

Goodwill - Goodwill represents the excess of the cost of investments in businesses acquired over the net asset values at acquisition. Goodwill is being amortized by the straight line method over periods ranging from 3 to 40 years. Accumulated amortization aggregated \$326,434 and \$299,143 at December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively.

Deferred Debt Costs - Deferred Debt Costs are being amortized over the term of the related debt.

Asset Impairments -The Company evaluates the propriety of the carrying amounts of its long-lived assets, including goodwill, as well as their estimated useful lives, when current events and circumstances indicate a potential impairment. The Company believes that there are no significant impairments of the carrying amounts of such assets and no reduction in their estimated useful lives is warranted.

Deferred Income Taxes - Deferred income taxes are provided on the differences between the financial statement and tax bases of assets and liabilities and on operating loss carryovers using enacted tax rates in effect in years in which the differences are expected to reverse.

Research and Development - Research and development costs (\$46,368 in 2000,

\$18,688 in 1999 and \$90,651 in 1998) are charged to operations as incurred.

Advertising - Advertising costs (\$3,170,352 in 2000, \$2,444,343 in 1999 and \$2,353,188 in 1998) are expensed as incurred.

Shipping and handling costs: Shipping and handling costs (\$1,117,645 in 2000, \$1,547,365 in 1999, and \$1,305,000 in 1998) are included in selling, general and administrative expenses. Such costs were recorded as a reduction of sales in prior year financial statements but were reclassified to selling, general and administrative expenses to conform to the 2000 presentation.

Derivatives - The Company will adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 133, "Accounting for Derivative Instruments and Hedging Activities", effective January 1, 2001. To date, The Company's use of derivatives has been minimal. As such, the new standard will not initially, significantly impact the Company's financial statements.

Reclassifications - In addition to the reclassification of shipping and handling costs noted above, certain other prior year amounts have been reclassified to conform to the current year presentation.

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4. Inventories

Inventories consist of:

	2000	1999
Finished goods Work in process Materials and supplies	\$7,979,629 493,169 1,549,492	\$5,354,828 648,404 2,294,399
	\$10,022,290	\$8,297,631

5. Other Assets

Other assets consist of:

	2000	1999
Prepaid pension costs Deferred debt costs and other	\$1,136,324 238,501	\$980,395 148,425
	\$1,374,855	\$1,128,820

6. Other Accrued Liabilities

Other accrued liabilities consist of:

	2000	1999
Vendor rebates Other	\$1,584,028 1,554,793	\$1,743,722 1,229,603
	\$3,138,821	\$3,153,674

7. Pension and Profit Sharing

United States employees, hired prior to July 1, 1993, are covered by a funded, defined benefit pension plan. The benefits are based on years of service and the average compensation of the highest three consecutive years during the last ten years of employment. In December 1995, the Company's Board of Directors approved an amendment to the United States pension plan ceasing all future benefit accruals as of February 1, 1996, without terminating the pension plan.

(17)

2000 1999

Changes	in	benefit	oblic	ration
Changes	T11	Deliette	ODITIO	acton

Benefit obligation at beginning of year Interest cost Service Cost Plan participants' contribution Actuarial gain Benefits and plan expenses paid	(\$4,855,049) (326,614) (35,000) 284,387 533,830	(338,481) (25,000) (27,934)
Benefit obligation at end of year	(\$4,398,446)	(\$4,855,049)
Changes in plan assets Fair value of plan assets at beginning of year Actual return on plan assets Plan participants' contributions Benefits and plan expenses paid	\$6,188,518 306,591 (533,830)	\$5,870,338 825,671 27,934 (535,425)
Fair value of plan assets at end of year	\$5,961,279	\$6,188,518
Funded status Unrecognized actuarial gain	\$1,562,833 (426,509)	\$1,333,469 (353,074)
Prepaid benefit costs	\$1,136,324	\$980,395

At December 31, 2000 and 1999, plan assets include 30,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock having a market value of \$84,390 and \$33,750 at those dates, respectively.

	2000	1999	1998
Assumptions:			
Discount rate	7.25%	7.75%	6.5%
Expected return on plan assets	8.50%	8.5%	8.5%
Components of net benefit income:			
Interest cost	\$326 , 614	\$338,481	\$361 , 457
Service cost	35,000	25,000	20,000
Expected return on plan assets	(506,418)	(476 , 336)	(480,121)
Amortization of actuarial gain	(11,125)		
	(\$155,929)	(\$112,855)	(\$98,664)

The Company also has a qualified, non-contributory profit sharing plan covering substantially all United States employees. Annual Company contributions are determined by the Compensation Committee and have amounted to 2% of eligible employee earnings. Total contribution expense under this plan approximated \$42,000, \$51,000, and \$102,000 for 2000, 1999 and 1998, respectively.

(18)

8. Income Taxes

The amounts of income taxes (benefit) reflected in operations follow:

	2000	1999	1998
Current:			
Federal	\$23,500	\$ -	\$ -
State	11,500	(27 , 059)	29,808
Foreign	211	505	(73,810)
	\$35,211	(\$26,554)	(\$44,002)

The current state tax provision is comprised of the minimum capital tax and other franchise taxes related to the jurisdictions in which the Company's manufacturing plants are located.

A summary of United States and foreign income (loss) before income taxes from continuing operations follows:

	2000	1999	1998
United States Foreign	\$1,452,272 (356,436)	(\$61,829) (121,161)	(\$1,443,434) (964,810)
	\$1,095,836	(\$182,990)	(\$2,408,244)

The following schedule reconciles the amounts of income taxes (benefit) computed at the United States statutory rate to the actual amounts reported in continuing operations.

operations.	2000	1999	1998
Federal income taxes (benefit) at 34% statutory rate	\$372,584	(\$62 , 217)	(\$818,803)
State and local taxes, net of federal income tax effect	70,443	(50,587)	(15,227)
Foreign rate differential	(9,571)	1,332	(22,345)
Changes in foreign statutory tax rate	688,303	-	_
Deferred income tax asset valuation allowance	(1,023,325)	(334,172)	895 , 888
Foreign permanent differences	(69,507)	354,249	-
Other	6,284	64,841	(83,515)
Provision (benefit) for income taxes	\$35,211	(\$26,554)	(\$44,002)

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Income taxes paid, net of refunds received, were \$69,754 in 2000, \$45,871 in 1999 and \$66,363 in 1998.

Deferred income taxes relate to:

	2000	1999
Deferred income tax liabilities: Plant, property and equipment Pension Other	\$245,411 419,698	\$445,695 351,830 78,558
	665,109	876,083
Deferred income tax assets: Asset valuations Operating loss carryforwards and credits Other	280,880 2,278,549 71,620	402,779 3,420,039 42,530
	2,631,049	3,865,348
Net deferred income tax asset before valuation allowance Valuation allowance	1,965,940 (1,965,940)	2,989,265 (2,989,265)
Net deferred income taxes	\$ -	\$ -

The deferred income tax asset valuation allowance was \$4,201,344 as of December 31, 1998.

The Company provides deferred income taxes on foreign subsidiary earnings which are not considered permanently reinvested. Earnings permanently reinvested would

become taxable upon the sale or liquidation of a foreign subsidiary or upon the remittance of dividends. Foreign subsidiary earnings of \$1,236,000\$ and \$1,335,000 are considered permanently reinvested as of December 31, 2000 and 1999, respectively, and the amount of deferred income taxes thereon cannot be reasonably determined.

Due to the uncertain nature of the realization of the Company's deferred income tax assets based on past performance and carryforward expiration dates, the Company has recorded a valuation allowance for the amount of deferred income tax assets which are not expected to be realized. This valuation allowance is subject to periodic review, and if the allowance is reduced, the tax benefit will be recorded in future operations as a reduction of the Company's tax expense.

At December 31, 2000, the Company has tax operating loss carryforwards aggregating \$6,994,000 of which \$2,265,000 relate to United States Federal income taxes which expire from 2012 through 2020, \$684,000 relate to state income taxes which expire from 2001 through 2010 and \$4,045,000 relate to foreign operations income taxes which can be carried forward indefinitely.

(20)

9. Debt

The Company has short-term lines of credit for its foreign subsidiaries which expire at various times in 2001. The aggregate amount available under these lines is \$720,696 of which \$503,682 is outstanding at December 31, 2000 and bears interest at rates ranging from local prime to local prime plus 4%. The weighted average interest rate for outstanding borrowings was 10.2% at December 31, 2000 (8.6% at December 31, 1999).

Long term debt consists of:

	2000	1999
Notes payable: North American arrangements Other	\$6,321,325 688,881	\$5,979,741 955,225
Less current portion	7,010,206 2,085,372	6,934,966 1,922,332
	\$4,924,834	\$5,012,634

On January 19, 2000, the Company entered into a loan agreement (the Agreement) with a bank to refinance debt. Under the Agreement the Company may borrow up to \$11,500,000 through January 19, 2003 (the maturity date) based on a formula which applies specific percentages to balances of accounts receivable and inventories. At December 31, 2000 \$5,595,055 is outstanding and \$989,747 is available under the Agreement. Throughout 2001, the Company expects to have a minimum of \$4,400,000 outstanding under this arrangement. As such, amounts borrowed in excess of \$4,400,000 are classified as part of the current portion of long-term debt. Under the Agreement, the Company borrowed an additional \$325,000 which is payable in monthly installments of \$5,417, plus interest, through November 1, 2002 and a final installment of \$65,822, plus interest, due December 1, 2002. Amounts outstanding under the Agreement bear interest at varying rates as provided for in the Agreement (10.5% at December 31, 2000).

On August 7, 2000 the Company entered into an interest rate swap with a bank effectively fixing the interest rate at 10.18% for \$3.5 million of debt under the Agreement through its maturity date.

On August 22, 2000 the Company borrowed \$700,000 under a loan agreement with another bank to refinance a mortgage. The loan is payable in monthly installments of \$830, plus interest at the Federal Home Loan Bank of Seattle fixed advanced rate, plus 3.0% through August 1, 2020 and a final installment of \$500,800, plus interest, due on August 1, 2020. A portion of the proceeds from this loan was used to repay amounts borrowed under the Agreement.

The Company, among other things, is restricted with respect to dividends, additional borrowings, investments, mergers, distributions, and property and equipment acquisitions. Further, the Company is required to maintain specific amounts of tangible net worth, a specified debt service coverage ratio, and a fixed charge coverage ratio, all as defined. The Company believes these

financial covenants will continue to be met.

Substantially all assets are pledged as collateral for outstanding debt.

Current maturities of long-term debt follow: 2001 - \$2,085,372; 2002 - \$419,521; 2003 - \$3,663,603; 2004 - \$32,149 and 2005 - \$33,858.

The interest rates of the other notes payable range from 7.7% to 10.4%.

Interest paid was \$822,399 in 2000, \$1,117,048 in 1999 and \$1,530,290 in 1998.

(21)

10. Commitments and Contingencies

The Company leases certain office, manufacturing and warehouse facilities and various equipment under non-cancelable operating leases. Total rent expense was \$203,135 in 2000, \$461,396 in 1999 and \$684,000 in 1998. Minimum annual rental commitments under non-cancelable leases with initial or remaining terms of one year or more as of December 31, 2000 follow: 2001 - \$152,058; 2002 - \$136,971; 2003 - \$114,458; 2004 - \$114,458; 2005 - \$61,184 and thereafter - \$809.

The Company has been involved in certain environmental and other matters. Additionally, the Company has been involved in numerous legal actions relating to the use of certain latex products, which the Company distributes, but does not manufacture. The Company is one of many defendants. The Company has been released from the majority of the lawsuits. While five lawsuits remain, they are still in preliminary stages and it has not been determined whether the Company's products were involved. Based on information available, the Company believes that there will not be a material adverse impact on financial position, results of operations, or liquidity, from these matters, either individually or in aggregate.

11. Geographic Data

Net sales of the Company's continuing operations by geographic area follow (000's omitted):

2000	1999	1998
\$23,455	\$25,201	\$25,136
5,402	5,428	6 , 157
3,184	2,177	3,296
2,372	3,051	3,173
\$34,413	\$35 , 857	\$37,762
	\$23,455 5,402 3,184 2,372	\$23,455 \$25,201 5,402 5,428 3,184 2,177 2,372 3,051

Long-lived assets by geographic area follow (000's omitted):

	2,000	1,999	1998
United States	\$2,114	\$2 , 506	\$4,354
Canada	87	79	83
England	22	32	78
Germany	899	1,369	1,526
	\$3 , 122	\$3 , 986	\$6,041

12. Stock Option Plans

The Company has a stock option plan which provides incentive and nonqualified stock options for up to 670,000 shares, including options for 150,000 shares authorized in 2000, of the Company's Common Stock to officers and key employees (the Employee's Plan). The Employee's Plan provides for the purchase of shares of the Company's Common Stock at a price of not less than 100% of its fair market value at the date of grant. Generally, options granted under the Employee's Plan prior to June 24, 1996 vested immediately or within a year; after June 24, 1996, 25% of options granted vest immediately with the balance vesting over the next three years. The term of options issued cannot exceed 10 years from the date of grant.

The Company also has a stock option plan which provides nonqualified stock options for up to 120,000 shares of the Company's Common Stock to non-salaried directors (the Director's Plan). The original Director's Plan, as approved at the 1996 Annual Meeting, granted 10,000 options to new directors elected to the Board at the 1996 Annual Meeting and for subsequent Annual Meetings which vested one year after the grant date. The Director's Plan was amended in 1997 to grant 10,000 options to directors elected at the 1997 annual meeting who were first elected prior to the 1996 Annual Meeting which vested immediately. The Director's Plan was amended again in 1998 to grant 2,500 options to each director re-elected to the Board at the annual meeting. These options vest immediately. The Director's Plan provides for the purchase of shares of the Company's Common Stock at a price of not less than 100% of its fair value at the date of grant.

(22)

A summary of changes in options issued under the Company's two stock option plans follows:

	2000	1999	1998
Options outstanding at the beginning of the year Options granted Options canceled Options exercised	187,900 (17,625)	376,550 174,000 (79,225)	67,950 (1,650)
Options outstanding at the end of the year	640,350	471,325	376 , 550
Options exercisable at the end of the year	436,125	340,694	292 , 563
Common stock available for future grants at the end of the year	50,525	70,800	165,575
Average price of options granted	\$2.47	\$2.12	\$4.62
Average price of options canceled Average price of options	\$2.72	\$1.88	\$4.17
exercised	\$2.08	_	\$3.96
Average price of options outstanding	\$3.30	\$3.65	\$4.31
Average price of options exercisable	\$3.70	\$3.95	\$4.14

A summary of options outstanding at December 31, 2000 follows:

	Options Outstanding		Options Exercisable		
Range of Exercise Prices	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Remaining Contractual Life (Years)	Weighted Average Exercise Price	Number Outstanding	Weighted Average Exercise Price
\$1.25 to \$2.49	263,900	9	2.12	114,350	2.14
\$2.50 to \$3.65	161,950	7	3.38	111,775	3.48
\$3.66 to \$5.00	113,500	5	3.87	111,750	3.85
\$5.01 to \$7.25	101,000	6	5.59	98,250	5.60
	640,350			436,125	

The weighted average remaining contractual life of outstanding stock options is $7\ \text{years.}$

(23)

The Company applies APB Opinion No. 25, Accounting for Stock Issued to Employees, and related interpretations to recognize compensation expense under

its stock option plans. As such, no expense is recognized if, at the date of grant, the exercise price of the option is at least equal to the fair market value of the Company's Common Stock. No compensation expense related to the Company's stock option plans was required to be recognized for its plans in 2000, 1999 and 1998.

If compensation expense for the Company's stock option plans had been determined using the fair value method under SFAS No. 123, Accounting for Stock Based Compensation, the Company would have reported net income of \$878,070 (\$.25 a share) for 2000, net income of \$2,056,538 (\$.61 a share) for 1999 and a net loss of \$1,814,064 (\$.54 a share) for 1998.

The weighted average fair value at the date of grant for options granted during 2000, 1999 and 1998 is \$1.44, \$.75 and \$1.83 per option, respectively.

The fair value of options at the date of grant was estimated using the Black-Scholes model with the following weighted average assumptions:

	2000	1999	1998
Expected Life in Years	5	 5	5
Interest Rate	4.98%	5.67%	5.69%
Volatility	0.618	0.273	0.372
Dividend Yield	0%	0%	0%

13. Earnings Per Share

The denominators used in the basic earnings (loss) per share computations consist of the weighted average shares of Common Stock outstanding of 3,507,326 in 2000, 3,390,977 in 1999 and 3,371,099 in 1998. The denominator used in the diluted earnings per share computation in 2000 includes the weighted average shares of Common Stock outstanding of 3,507,326 and the dilutive weighted average number of stock options outstanding of 61,217. The effects of the weighted average number of stock options outstanding were anti dilutive in 1999 and 1998 and have been excluded from the dilutive per share calculations. 579,133 stock options outstanding at December 31, 2000 were excluded from diluted earnings per share because they would have been anti dilutive

14. Financial Instruments

The carrying values of financial instruments (cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable, accounts payable, and debt) as of December 31, 2000 and 1999 approximate fair value. Fair value was based on expected cash flows and current market conditions.

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15. Quarterly Dated (unaudited)

		Quarters				
2000	First	Second				
Net Sales		\$ 10,201	\$ 8,760	\$ 7,411	\$ 34,413	
Cost of Goods Sold	5,222	6,785				
Net Income	207	414	302	138	1,061	
Basic and Diluted Earnings per Share		\$ 0.12				
1999						
Net Sales		\$ 10,209				
Cost of Goods Sold	6,052	7,251	6,917	5,766	25,986	
Income (Loss) from Continuing Operations	(542)	125	136	125	(156)	
Income from Discontinued Operarations	2,299			26	2,325	
Net Income	1,757	125	136	150	2,168	
Basic and Diluted Earnings (Loss) per share - Continuing Operations		\$ 0.04				
Earnings per share - Discontinued Operations	\$ 0.68				\$ 0.69	

Earnings Per Share \$ 0.52 \$ 0.04 \$ 0.04 \$ 0.64

Earnings per share are computed independently for each of the quarters presented. Therefore, the sum of the quarterly earnings per share may not necessarily equal the total for the year.

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Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors

To the Board of Directors and Stockholders of Acme United Corporation

We have audited the accompanying consolidated balance sheets of Acme United Corporation and subsidiaries as of December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the related consolidated statements of operations and comprehensive income (loss), changes in stockholders' equity, and cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2000. Our audits also included the financial statement schedule listed in the Index at Item 14(a). These financial statements and schedule are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements and schedule based on our audits.

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audits provide a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Acme United Corporation and subsidiaries at December 31, 2000 and 1999, and the consolidated results of their operations and their cash flows for each of the three years in the period ended December 31, 2000 in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States. Also, in our opinion, the related financial statement schedule, when considered in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole, presents fairly in all material respects the information set forth therein.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Hartford, Connecticut March 2, 2001

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Item 9. Changes in and Disagreements with Accountants on Accounting and Financial Disclosure ${\sf Sim}$

There have been no disagreements with accountants related to accounting and financial disclosures in 2000.

PART III

Item 10. Directors and Executive Officers of the Registrant

The following table sets forth certain information with respect to the directors and executive officers of the Company. All directors of the Company hold office until the next annual meeting of the shareholders or until their successors have been elected and qualified. Executive officers are elected to the Board of Directors to hold office until their successors are elected and qualified.

Name	Age	Position Held with Company
Walter C. Johnsen	50	President, Chief Executive Officer and Director
Gary D. Penisten	69	Chairman of the Board and Director

Brian S. Olschan	44	Executive Vice President, Chief Operating Officer and Director
Ronald P. Davanzo	38	Vice President, Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer
George R. Dunbar	77	Director
Richmond Y. Holden, Jr.	47	Director
Wayne R. Moore	70	Director

Walter C. Johnsen has served as director since 1995 and as President and Chief Executive Officer since November 30, 1995. Prior to that he was Executive Vice President since January 24, 1995. He also was Chief Financial Officer from March 26, 1996 until June 30, 1996. Before joining the Company he was Vice Chairman and a principal of Marshall Products, Inc., a medical supply distributor.

Gary D. Penisten has served as director since 1994 and Chairman of the Board since February 27, 1996. He is a Director of D. E. Foster & Partners L.P., an executive search firm. From 1977 to 1988, he was Senior Vice President of Finance, Chief Financial Officer and a Director of Sterling Drug Inc. in New York City.

Brian S. Olschan served as Senior Vice President-Sales and Marketing from September 10, 1996 until February 22, 1999. From 1991 to 1996, he was employed by General Cable Corporation in various executive positions including Vice President and General Manager of the Cordset and Assembly Business from 1994 to 1996. Effective January 23, 1999, he was promoted to Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer.

Ronald P. Davanzo has served as Vice President and Chief Financial Officer, Secretary and Treasurer since March 18, 1999. Prior to that he was Vice President-International since April 27, 1998 and continues to serve in that capacity. Mr. Davanzo joined Acme on May 19, 1997. From 1985 to 1997 he served in several increasingly responsible positions in Sterling Drug, Inc., Eastman Kodak, and Sanofi S.A. In his final position before joining Acme he was Director of Finance for Sanofi's Oscar de la Renta fragrance business.

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George R. Dunbar has served as director since 1977. He is President of The U.S. Baird Corporation and Dunbar Associates, a municipal management consulting firm. He is a Former Chief Administrative Officer for the City of Bridgeport and served as President (1972-1987) of the Bryant Electric Division of Westinghouse Electric Corporation, manufacturer of electrical distribution and utilization products, Bridgeport, Connecticut.

Richmond Y. Holden, Jr. has served as director since 1998. He has served as President and Chief Executive Officer of J.L. Hammett Co. since 1992; Executive Vice President from 1989 to 1992. J.L. Hammett Co. is a distributor and retailer of educational products throughout the United States, and is one of the largest distributors to the K-12 educational marketplace.

Wayne R. Moore has served as director since 1976. He is presently a Director and Chairman Emeritus of The Producto Machine Company, manufacturer of machine tools, special machines, and tool die and mold components. He was Chairman of the Board of The Producto Machine Company and of Moore Tool Company, manufacturer of machine tools, measuring machines and metrology products. Mr. Moore was Chairman of the Association for Manufacturing Technology/U.S. Machine Tool Builders (1985-1986) and Committee Member of U.S. Eximbank (1984). He is a Trustee of the American Precision Museum and on the Board of advisors of the Fairfield University School of Engineering.

Item 11. Executive Compensation

(Refer to Proxy Statement pages 6-10)

Item 12. Security Ownership of Certain Beneficial Owners and Management

(Refer to Proxy Statement pages 1-2)

Item 13. Certain Relationships and Related Transactions

(None)

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PART IV

- Item 14. Exhibits, Financial Statement Schedules and Reports on Form 8-K
 - (a) Documents filed as part of this report:
 - 1. Financial Statements

Page(s)

Consolidated Balance Sheets
Consolidated Statements of Operations and
Comprehensive Income (Loss)
Consolidated Statements of Changes in Stockholders' Equity
Consolidated Statements of Cash Flows
Notes to Consolidated Financial Statements
Report of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors

2. Financial Statement Schedules

Schedule II - Valuation and Qualifying Accounts

Schedules other than those listed above have been omitted because the required information is contained in the financial statements and notes thereto, or because such schedules are not required or applicable.

3. Exhibits

Exhibit 21 - Parents and Subsidiaries Exhibit 23 - Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors

The following basic documents are contained in S-1 Registration Statement No. 230682 filed with the Commission on November 7, 1968 and amended by Substantive Amendment No. 1 on December 31, 1968 and by No. 2 on January 31, 1969:

Certificate of Organization of Registrant Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant dated September 24, 1968 Proof of Common Stock Certificates

The following basic documents were filed with Form 10-K for 1971:

Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation of Registrant dated April 27, 1971 Amendment to Certificate of Incorporation dated June 29, 1971 Proof of Common Stock Certificate Proof of Preferred Stock Certificate

(b) No Form 8-K was filed by the Company during the quarter ended December 31, 2000.

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SCHEDULE II
Acme United Corporation and Subsidiaries
VALUATION AND QUALIFYING ACCOUNTS
For the years ended December 31, 2000, 1999 and 1998

Balance at	Charged to	Deductions	Balance at
Beginning of	Costs and	and Other	End of
Period	Expenses	Adjustments	Period

2000 Allowance for doubtful accounts \$125,862 \$235,595 \$183,230 \$178,227

Allowance for doubtful accounts	195,325	64,944	134,107	125,862
1998				
Restructuring liability	27,688	-	27,688	_
Allowance for doubtful accounts	252,079	35,889	92,643	195,325

(30)

EXHIBIT 21

PARENTS AND SUBSIDIARIES

The Company was organized as a partnership in 1867 and incorporated in 1882 under the laws of the State of Connecticut as The Acme Shear Company. The corporate name was changed to Acme United Corporation in 1971.

There is no parent of the registrant.

Registrant has the following subsidiaries, all of which are totally held:

Name

Acme United Limited

Acme United, Ltd.

Emil Schlemper GmbH

Westcott Ruler Company, Inc.

The Acme Shear Company

Connecticut

Only Acme United Limited (Canada), Acme United, Ltd. (England) and Emil Schlemper GmbH are active and included in the consolidated financial statements.

EXHIBIT 23

Consent of Ernst & Young LLP, Independent Auditors

We consent to the incorporation by reference in the Registration Statements (Form S-8 Nos. 333-84499, 33-98918 and 333-26737) pertaining to the Acme United Corporation Amended and Restated Stock Option Plan, the Registration Statements (Form S-8 Nos. 333-84505 and 333-26739) pertaining to the Acme United Corporation Non-Salaried Director Stock Option Plan and the Registration Statement (Form S-8 No. 333-84509) pertaining to the Acme United Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan for Directors and Acme United Corporation Deferred Compensation Plan for Walter C. Johnsen of our report dated March 2, 2001, with respect to the consolidated financial statements and schedule of Acme United Corporation and subsidiaries included in the Annual Report (Form 10-K) for the year ended December 31, 2000.

/s/ Ernst & Young LLP

Hartford, Connecticut March 26, 2001

(31)

Pursuant to the requirements of Section 13 or 15(d) of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the undersigned, thereunto duly authorized, on March 26,2001.

ACME UNITED CORPORATION (Registrant)

Signatures Titles

s/ Walter C. Johnsen

Walter C. Johnsen President, Chief Executive Officer and Director

s/ Gary D. Penisten

Gary D. Penisten

Chairman of the Board and Director

s/ Brian S. Olschan

Brian S. Olschan Executive Vice President, Chief Operating

Officer and Director

s/ Ronald P. Davanzo

Ronald P. Davanzo

Vice President, Chief Financial Officer,

Secretary and Treasurer

s/ George R. Dunbar

George R. Dunbar

Director

s/ Richmond Y. Holden, Jr.

Richmond Y. Holden, Jr.

Director

s/ Wayne R. Moore

Wayne R. Moore

Director

(32)

OFFICERS

Walter C. Johnsen President and Chief Executive Officer

Gary D. Penisten Chairman of the Board

FOREIGN KEY MANAGEMENT

James A. Brownrigg General Manager Acme United Limited (Canada)

DIRECTORS

George R. Dunbar President Dunbar Associates Monroe, Connecticut President (1972-1987) Bryant Electric Division

Westinghouse Electric Corporation

Richmond Y. Holden, Jr. President and Chief Executive

Officer J.L. Hammett Co. Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer

Brian S. Olschan

Ronald P. Davanzo
Vice President and Chief
Financial Officer,
Secretary and Treasurer

Wolfgang M. Lange Managing Director Emil Schlemper GmbH

(Germany)

Walter C. Johnsen President and Chief Executive Officer

Acme United Corporation

Wayne R. Moore Director and Chairman Emeritus The Producto Machine Company Bridgeport, Connecticut

Brian S. Olschan Executive Vice President and Chief Operating Officer James A. Benkovic Vice President-Consumer Sales

Larry H. Buchtmann Vice President-Manufacturing

Ronald P. Davanzo Managing Director Acme United Ltd. (England)

Gary D. Penisten
Chairman of the Board
Acme United Corporation

CORPORATE OFFICES

Acme United Corporation 1931 Black Rock Turnpike Fairfield, Connecticut 06432 (203) 332-7330

TRANSFER AGENTS
American Stock Transfer Company
40 Wall Street
New York, N.Y. 10005

STOCK LISTING
The stock of Acme United
Corporation is traded on the
American Stock Exchange under
the symbol ACU.

COUNSEL Brody, Wilkinson and Ober, P.C. Southport, Connecticut

AUDITORS Ernst & Young LLP Hartford, Connecticut

ANNUAL MEETING
will be held at 11 a.m., Monday,
April 23, 2001 at The American
Stock Exchange
86 Trinity Place
New York, New York 10006